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GALILEO:
AT THE DAWN OF A NEW AGE OF GNSS SERVICES



Monday, December 19



WELCOME TO Galileo: At the Dawn of a New Age of GNSS Services



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Galileo Implementation
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Peter Grogard
CEO
Thales Alenia Space
Leuven, Belgium

Co-Moderator: Lori Dearman, Sr. Webinar Producer

Who's In the Audience?

A diverse audience of over 700 professionals registered from 57 countries representing the following industries:

- 16% GNSS Equipment Manufacturer
- 16% System Integrator
- 15% Professional User
- 15% Product/Application Designer
- 14% Government
- 24% Other



Welcome from *Inside GNSS*



Glen Gibbons
Editor and Publisher
Inside GNSS

Galileo: At the Dawn of a New Age of GNSS Services



Demoz Gebre-Egziabher
Aerospace Engineer and
Mechanics Faculty
University of Minnesota

Poll #1

As of today, how many Galileo satellites are on orbit?
(Please select one)

- A. 4
- B. 8
- C. 18
- D. 22
- E. 26

Galileo: Towards Initial Services







Marco Lisi, Dr. eng.
Senior Manager
European Space Agency




- Galileo is Europe's initiative for a state-of-the-art global navigation satellite system, providing a highly accurate, guaranteed global positioning service under civilian control;
- While providing autonomous navigation and positioning services, Galileo will at the same time be interoperable with GPS and GLONASS, the two other global satellite navigation systems;
- Two major implementation phases:
 - the In-Orbit Validation phase (IOV);
 - the Full operational Capability phase (FOC);
- The fully deployed Galileo system will consist of 30 satellites (24 plus 6 spare) and the supporting ground infrastructure.

Early services for OS, SAR and PRS will be provided from 2014

Open Service (OS)	Freely accessible service for positioning, navigation, and timing	
Public Regulated Service (PRS)	Encrypted service designed for greater robustness and higher availability	
Search and Rescue Service (SAR)	Assists locating people in distress and confirms that help is on the way	
Commercial Service (CS)	Delivers authentication and high accuracy services for commercial applications	

The former "Safety-of-Life" service is being re-profiled:

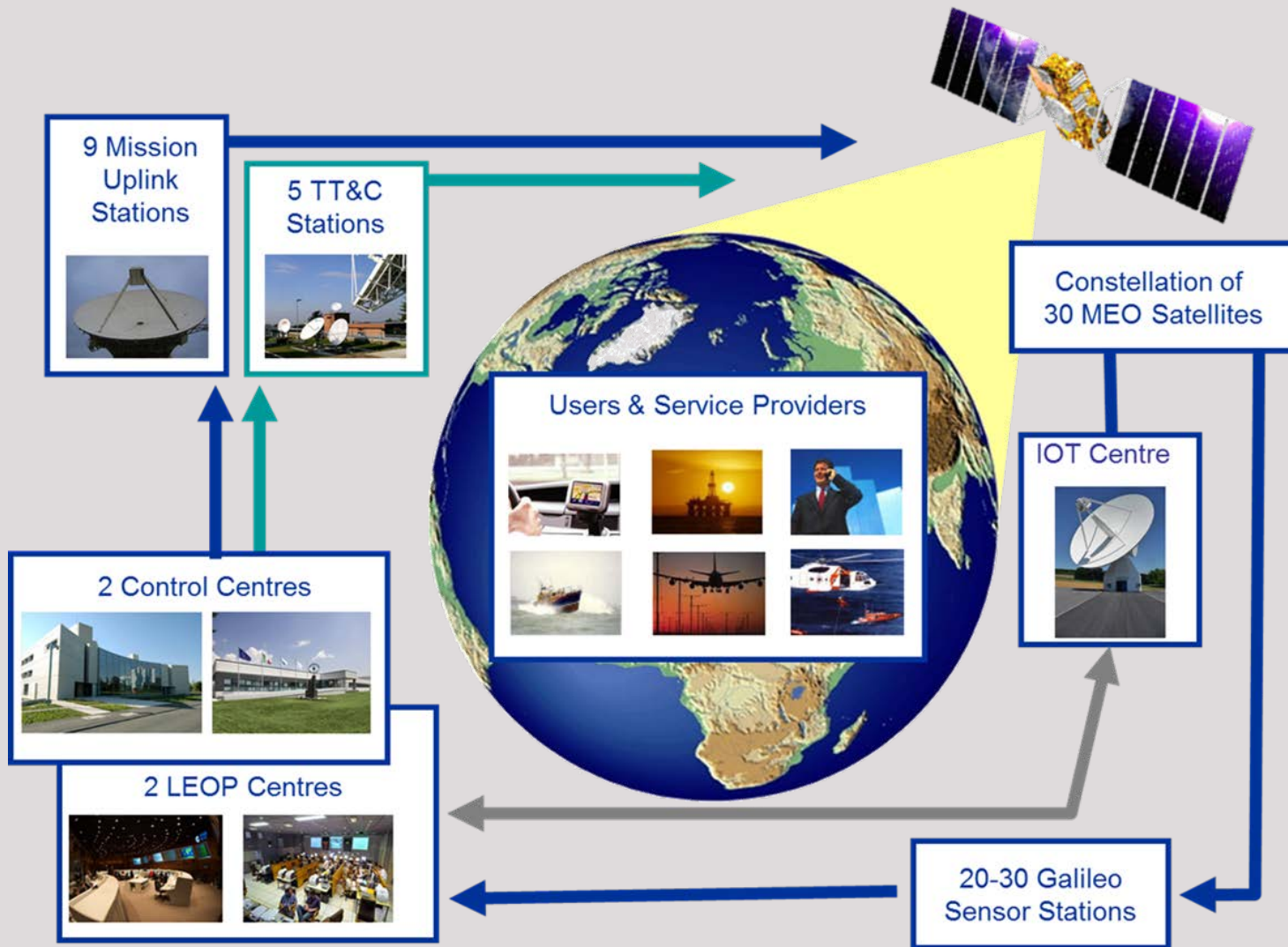
Integrity Monitoring Service	Provides vital integrity information for life-critical applications	
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Galileo System Architecture

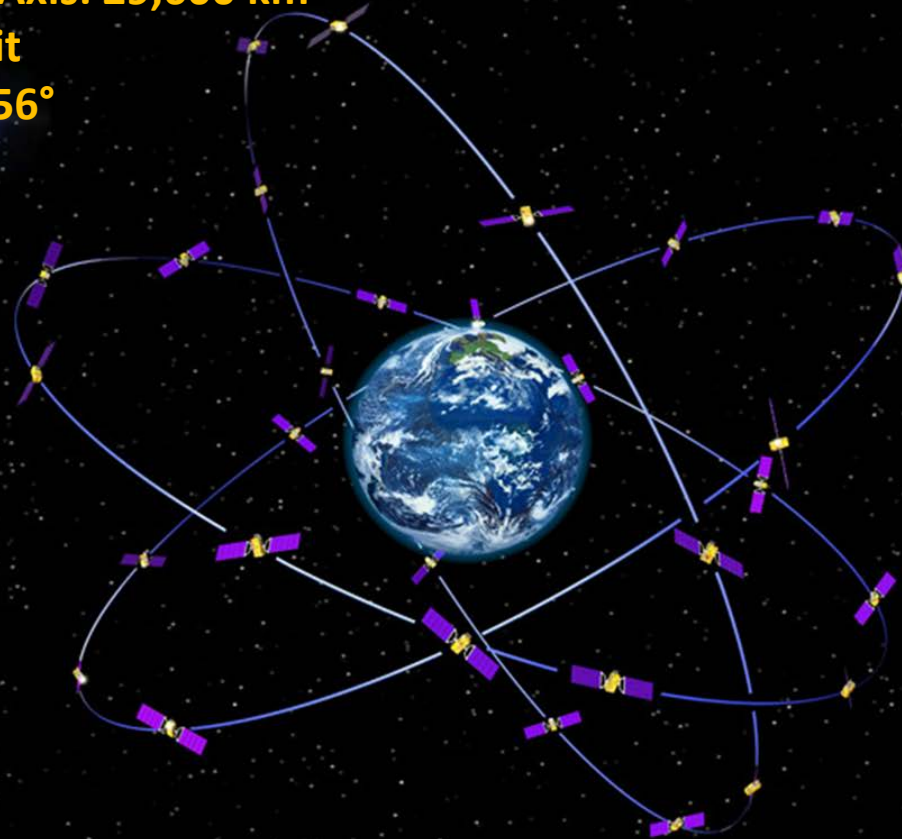
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GPS (GALILEO) GLONASS (RUBIO)



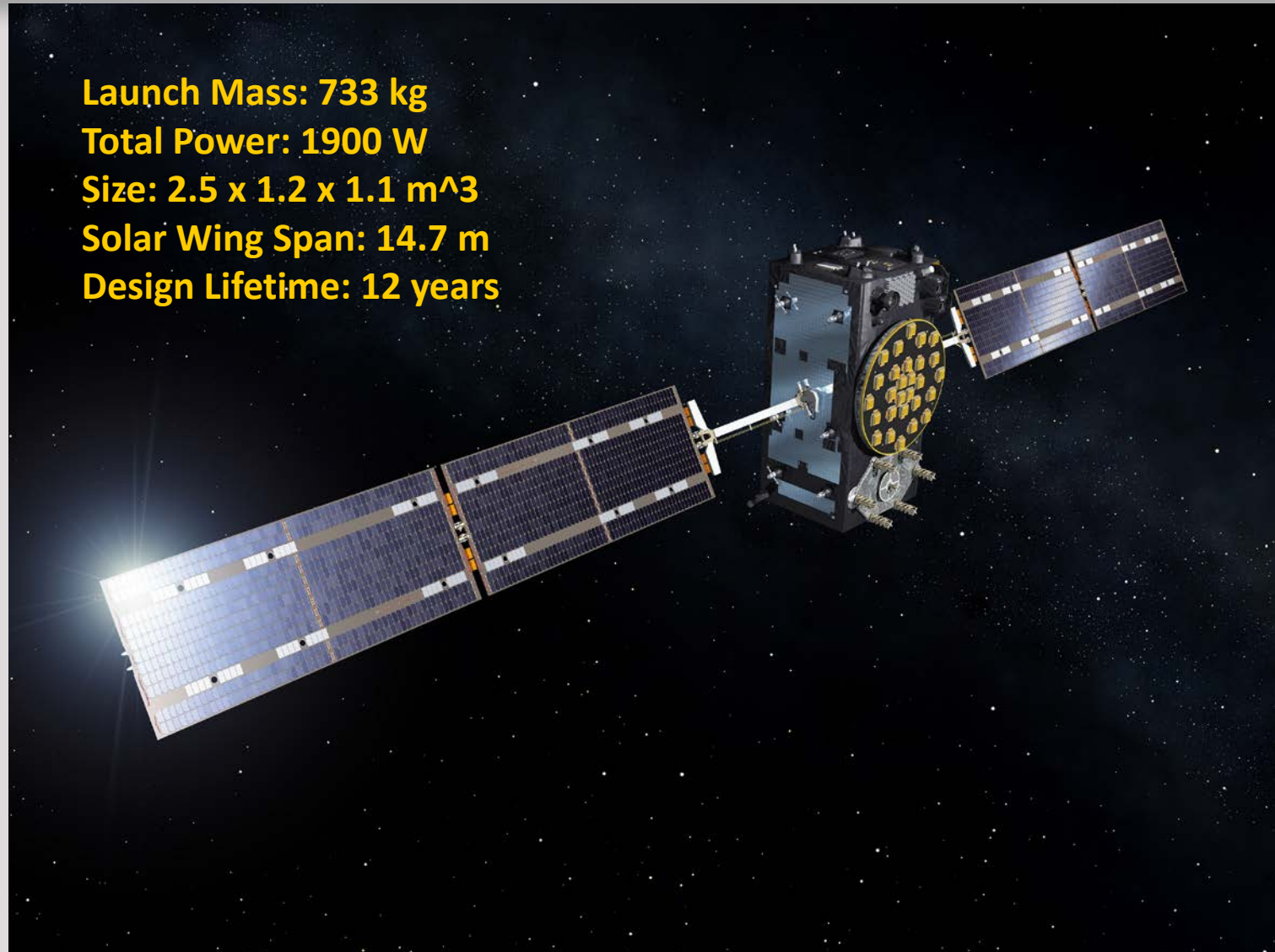
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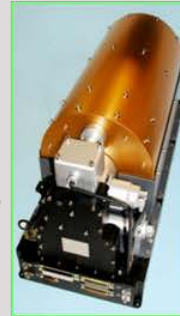
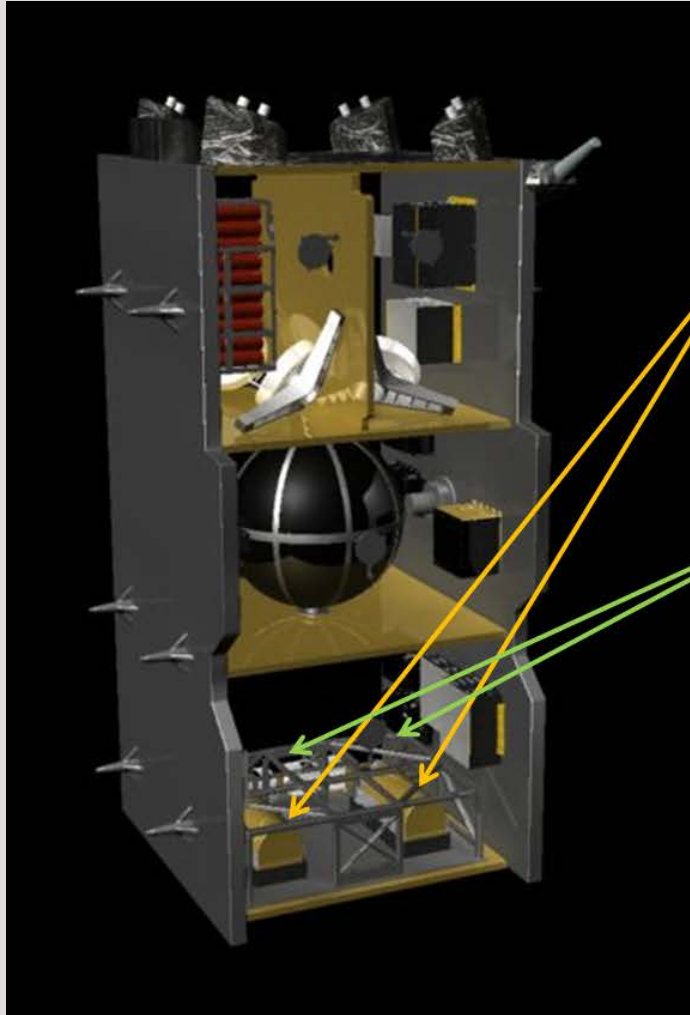


Walker 24/3/1
Semi-major Axis: 29,600 km
Circular Orbit
Inclination: 56°



Launch Mass: 733 kg
Total Power: 1900 W
Size: 2.5 x 1.2 x 1.1 m³
Solar Wing Span: 14.7 m
Design Lifetime: 12 years





Passive Hydrogen Maser

The most stable and accurate

→ Loses no more than 0.5 ns in 12h,
i.e. 1s over 3 million years

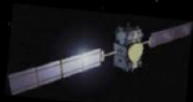
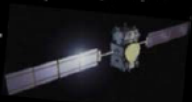
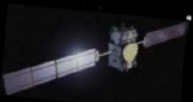
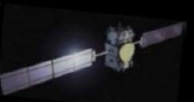
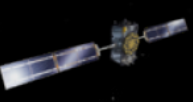
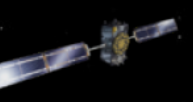


Rubidium

→ Loses 3s over 1 million years

Error in time	Error in distance
1 s	300 000 000 m
1 ms (0.001 s)	300 m
1 ns (0.000000001 s)	0.3 m

Constellation Status (1/3)

	 GSAT0101	 GSAT0102	 GSAT0103	 GSAT0104	 GSAT0201	 GSAT0202
Launch Date	21 Oct. 2011	21 Oct. 2011	12 Oct. 2012	12 Oct. 2012	22 Aug. 2014	22 Aug. 2014
SV ID	11	12	19	20	18	14
Orbital Slot	B05	B06	C04	C05	Ext01	Ext02
Clock	RAFS	RAFS	PHM	RAFS	PHM	PHM
Technical Status	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal	Unavailable (NAGU 2014014)	Testing	Testing
EIRP (wrt Public OS SIS ICD)	All bands aligned	All bands aligned	All bands in temporary back-off	E1 only E5 + E6 permanently unavailable	All bands aligned	All bands aligned
SAR Transponder	N/A	N/A	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal

Constellation Status (3/3)

	 GSAT0207	 GSAT0212	 GSAT0213	 GSAT0214
Launch Date	17 Nov. 2016	17 Nov. 2016	17 Nov. 2016	17 Nov. 2016
SV ID	07	03	04	05
Orbital Slot	C06	C08	C03	C01
Clock				
Technical Status	← Under Commissioning (NAGU 2016050) →			
EIRP (wrt Public OS SIS ICD)	In Orbit Test Review planned April 2017	In Orbit Test Review planned June 2017	In Orbit Test Review planned June 2017	In Orbit Test Review planned April 2017
SAR Transponder				

IOV

FOC



2011

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018



2

4

6

8

10

12

14

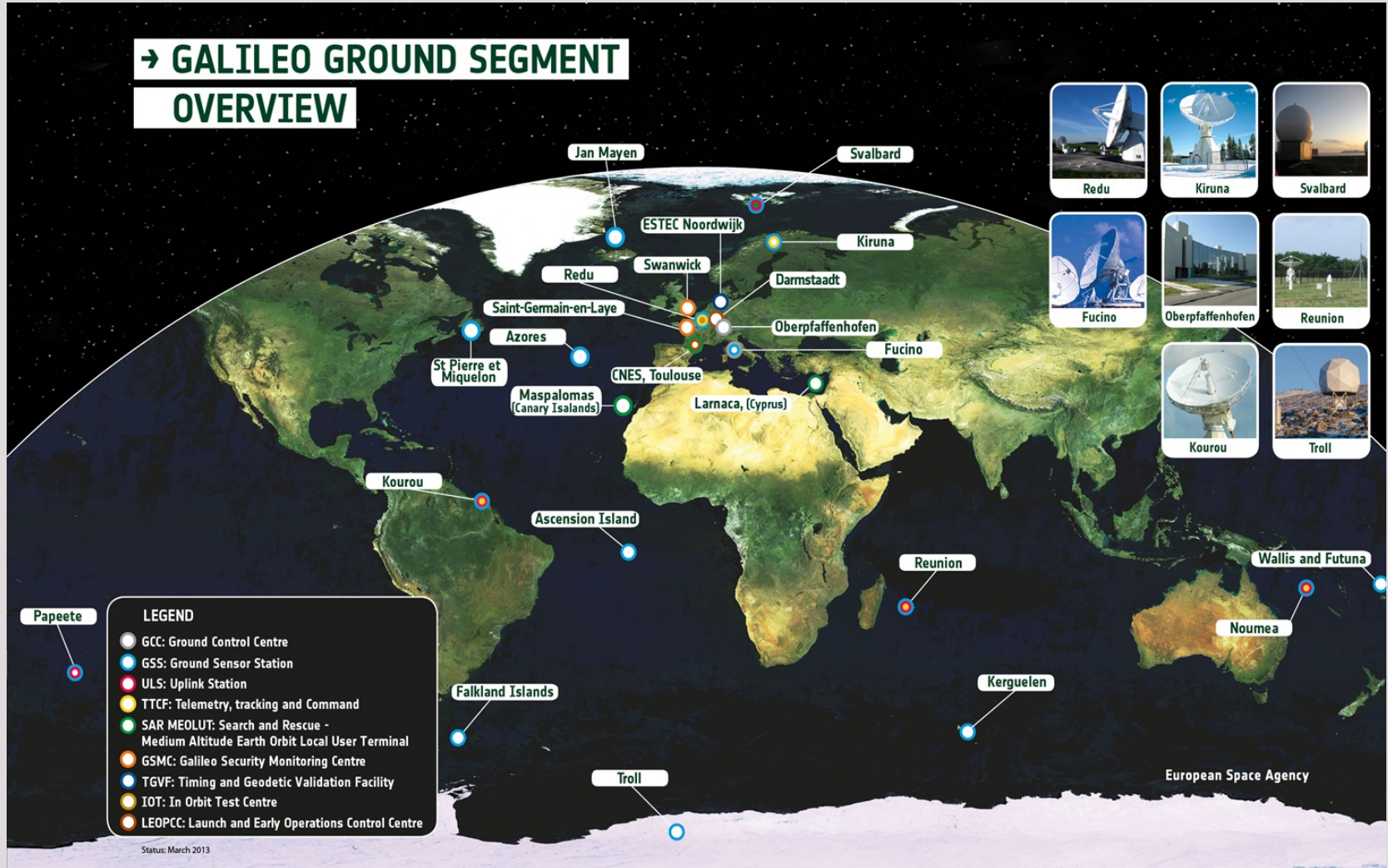
18

22

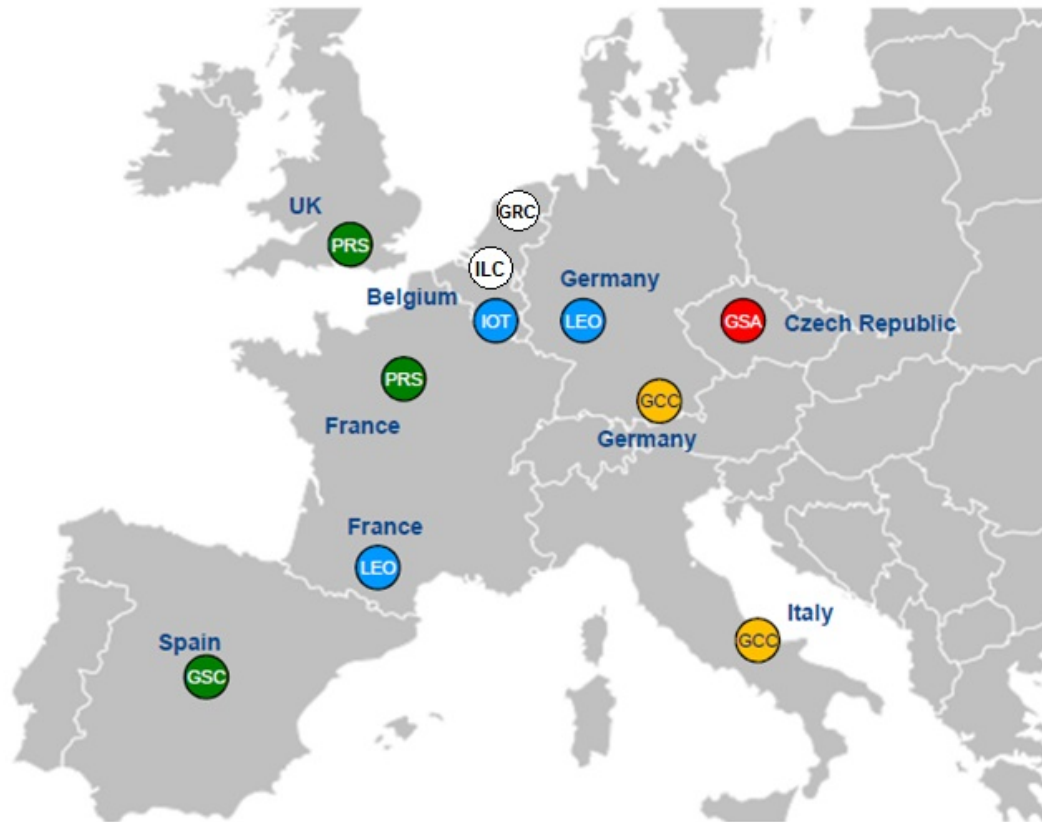
26

24 May 17 Nov

→ GALILEO GROUND SEGMENT OVERVIEW



Major Galileo centres and facilities are located throughout Europe



- European GNSS Agency
- Galileo Control Centre
- Galileo In-Orbit Testing Centre
- LEOP Centre
- Galileo Security Centre (PRS)
- Galileo Service Centre (OS/CS)
- Galileo Integrated Logistic Centre
- Galileo Reference Centre

Note: Only major centres, facilities and stations are shown. Not all of them are (fully) implemented yet.



2 Complementary Control Centres:

- **Ground Mission Segment (GMS) in Fucino (Italy)** has the responsibility for the mission aspects;
- **Ground Control Segment (GCS) in Oberpfaffenhofen (Germany)**, to control and monitor the constellation.

Both centres are being completed to become fully redundant.

Galileo Service Center (Madrid)

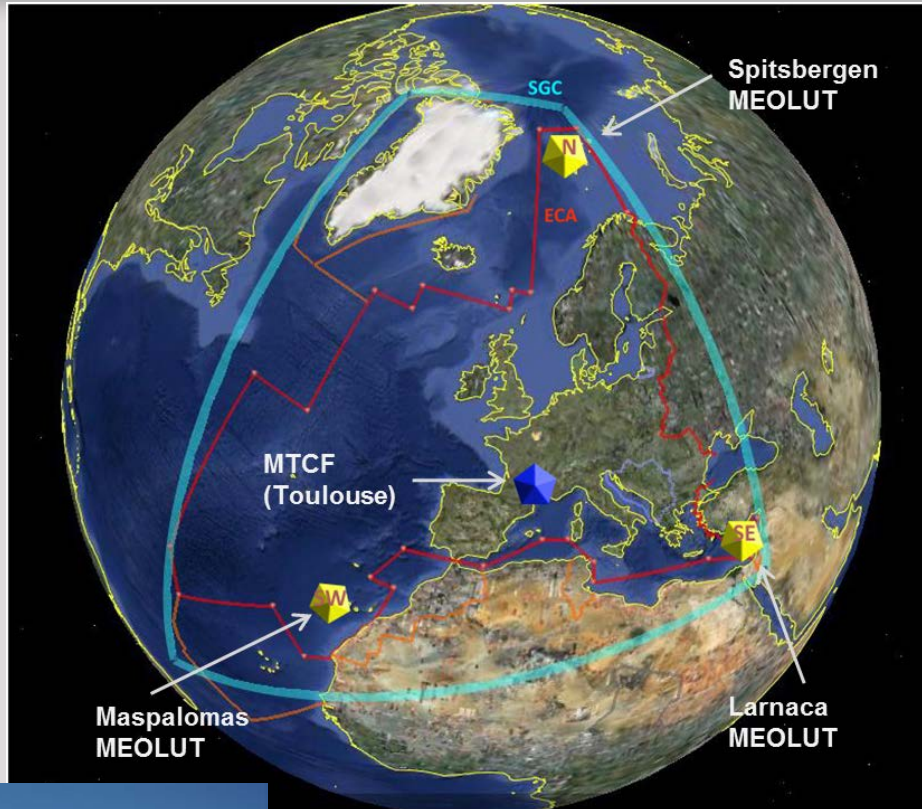
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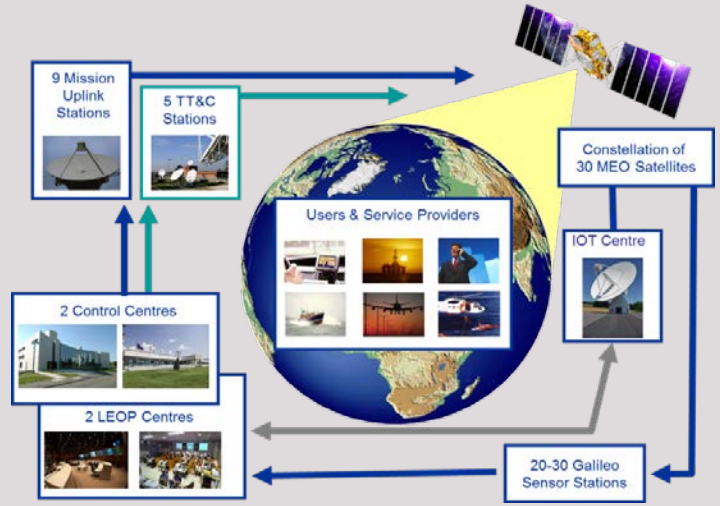
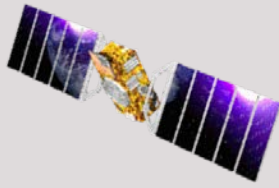
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SAR Ground Segment



From a System to Services



Galileo Service Centre, Madrid



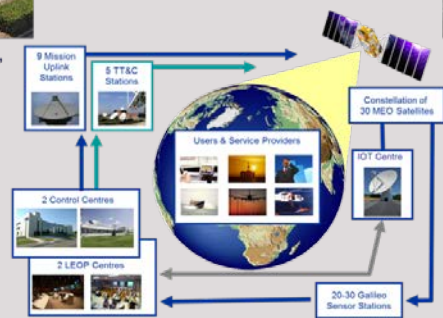
European GNSS Agency (GSA), Prague



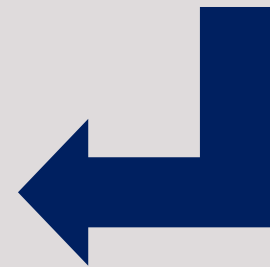
Early Services Task Force



Galileo Security Monitoring Centre



Galileo System Infrastructure



The background of the slide is a close-up, slightly blurred image of the European Union flag, showing the blue field with the twelve yellow stars arranged in a circle. The text is overlaid on this image.

Galileo: eager to serve

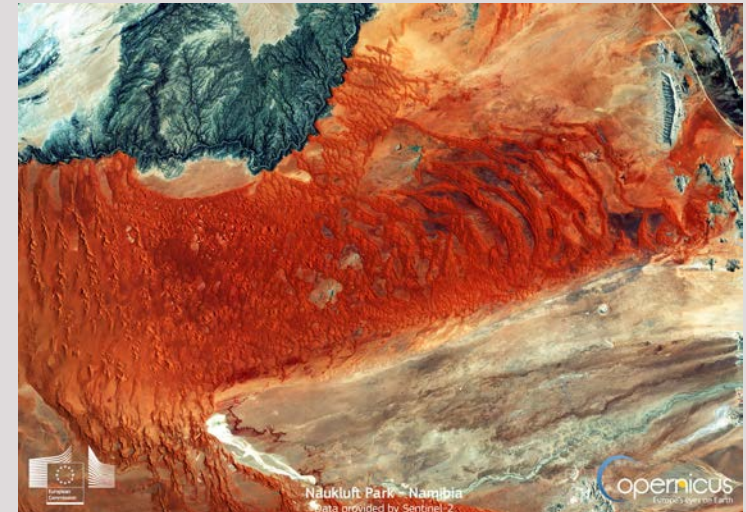
GALILEO INITIAL SERVICES



Jeremie Godet
Head of Sector, Galileo
Implementation, DG GROW
European Commission

→ 26 October 2016

- 1- Maximise benefits of space for Society and EU
 - Market uptake
 - **EU delivers!**
 - 2- Foster competitiveness and innovation
 - 3- Autonomy and access to space
 - 4- Promote International cooperation
-
- Copernicus
 - **Galileo** and EGNOS





15 December 2016



■ Open Service

- free and interoperable with other GNSS
- world-wide access



■ Public Regulated Service

- access authorised and controlled by Competent Authorities
- world-wide coverage



■ Search and Rescue

- free
- world-wide, under the international organisation Cospas- Sarsat
- locate emergency beacons and communicate the distress to Search & Rescue centers



Infrastructure tested: excellent Performances

Constellation of satellites: 18 in orbit today
 Ground segment: world-wide
 Last launch 17-11-2016: Ariane-5: success!



For the Initial Services:

11 sat for OS/PRS

12 sat for SAR

... not yet including the 4 satellites launched on Nov.17

Stay posted!

www.gsc-europa.eu

... delivering high performance services

~ 0.8 meters (avg. ranging, 95%)

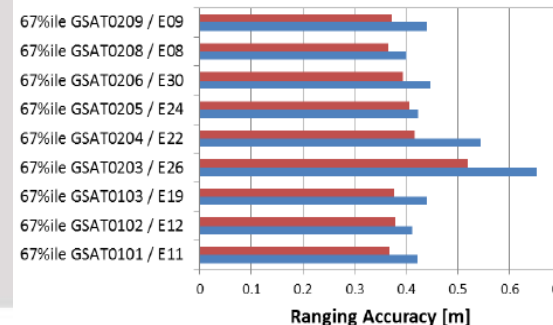
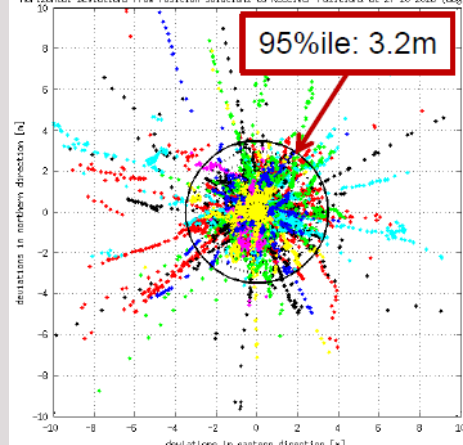
~ 3/~8 meters (avg. H/V accuracy, 95%, when PDOP<6)

~ 9.5 nanosec (UTC dissemination accuracy, 95%)

~ 7 nanosec (Galileo-GPS time offset, 95%)

SAR location probability within 10 minutes above 98%

Horizontal Deviations From Position Solutions to Receiver Positions at 27-10-2016 (days)





- Documents ready for OS, PRS and SAR
- Published: 15/12/2016
- Based on predefined Minimum Performance Levels (MPL)
- Include additional technical information and expected evolution of services



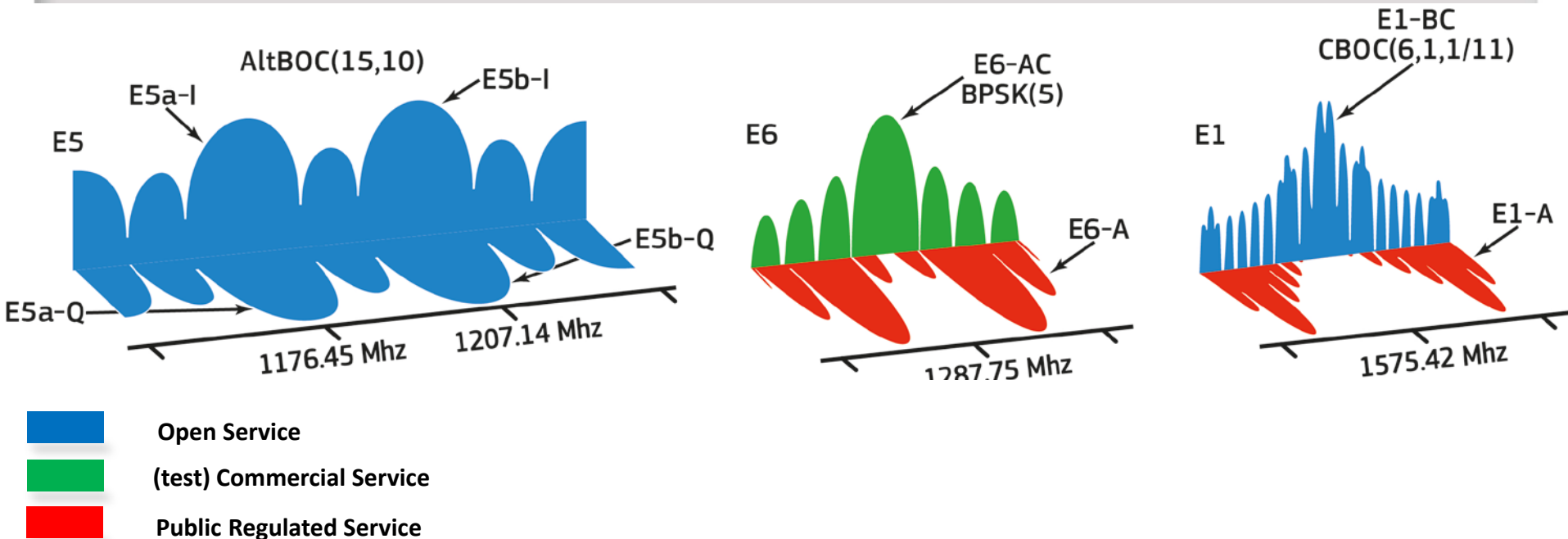
EUROPEAN GNSS (GALILEO) INITIAL SERVICES
SAR/GALILEO
SERVICE DEFINITION
DOCUMENT

The conditions under which the Galileo Initial Services will be delivered, including their expected performance (accuracy, etc) and availability, have been published on the website of the European Service Centre found here:

www.gsc-europa.eu

Performance parameter	MPL Value	observed
Ranging Accuracy for any satellite (SF/DF, monthly)	≤ 7 m (95%)	1.4 m
Ranging Accuracy over all satellites (SF/DF, monthly)	≤ 2 m (95%)	0.81 m
UTC Time Dissemination Accuracy (SF/DF, annually)	< 30 ns (95%)	9.5 ns
UTC Frequency Dissemination Accuracy (SF/DF, annually)	$< 3E-13$ (95%)	2.15E-14 ns
Per-Slot Availability (SF/DF, annually)	$\geq 87\%$	95.1%
Availability of the Ranging Service (SF/DF, monthly)	$\geq 87\%$	99.6%
Availability of the UTC Time Determination Service (SF/DF, monthly)	$\geq 87\%$	99.6%
Galileo GST-GPS Time Offset Determination Accuracy (annually)	< 20 ns (95%)	6.8 ns
Galileo GST-GPS Time Offset Determination Availability (annually)	$\geq 80\%$	82%
Timely publication of NAGUs (planned events)	≥ 24 hours	100%
Timely publication of NAGUs (unplanned events)	< 72 hours	100%

- Galileo Initial Services offer:
 - up to 3 frequencies for Open Service (E5a, E5b, E1B/C)
 - 2 frequencies for Public Regulated Service (E6A, E1A)
- First Open Service Definition Document with global coverage **multiple frequencies** navigation signals



Galileo SAR Initial Service offers:

- Cospas Sarsat (C/S) MEOSAR Ground Segment Early Operational Capability (EOC) over SAR Galileo Service (SGS) coverage and Global Space Segment coverage
- Endorsed by C/S Council Decision
- Based on Galileo L-band SAR repeaters and GPS S-band experimental repeaters
- EOC to FOC: Full space segment coverage with operational L-band SAR repeaters
- Observed performance for all MPL above FOC targets in the SGS coverage

Performance parameter	MPL Value	observed
% of transmitted bursts that are detected by at least one MEOLUT	>99%	99.5%
Location probability after 1 transmitted burst	>75%	97%
Location probability after 12 transmitted burst ~10 min	>98%	99%
Location accuracy (within 5km) after 1 transmitted burst	>70%	96%
Location accuracy (within 5 km) after 12 transmitted burst ~10 min	>95%	96.5%
Location accuracy (within 2 km) after 12 transmitted burst ~10 min	>80%	88%

- Search and Rescue is now...
much faster (->3h to <10 minutes)
more accurate (10 km to 5 km)

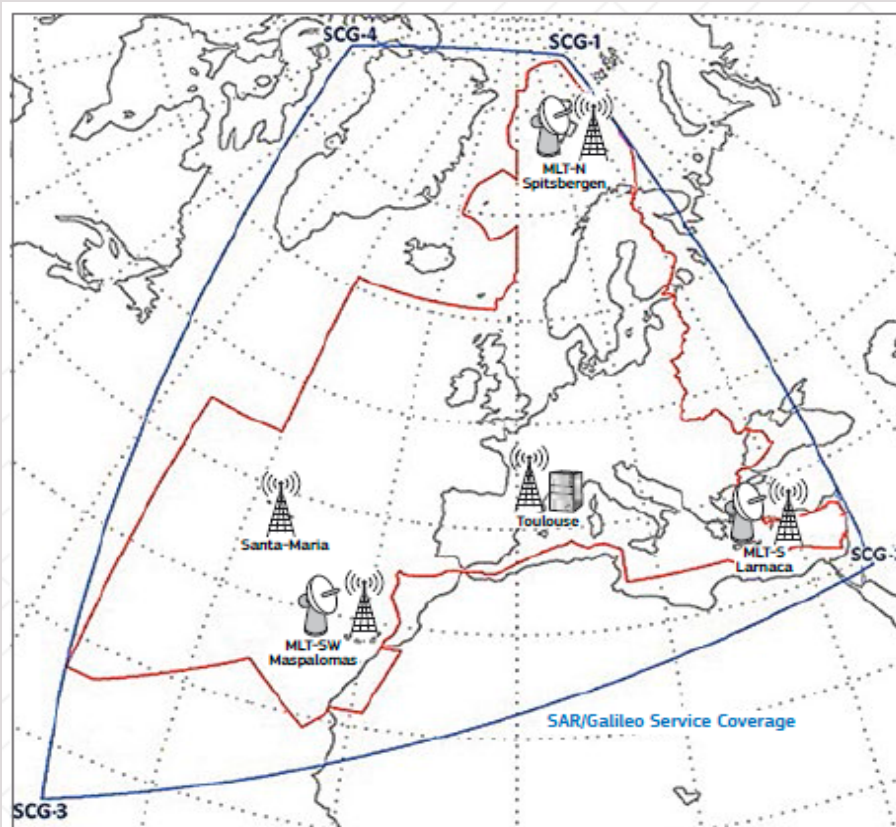
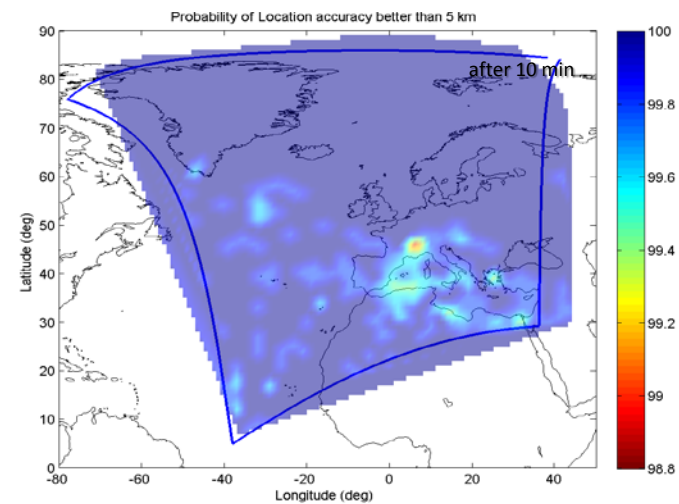
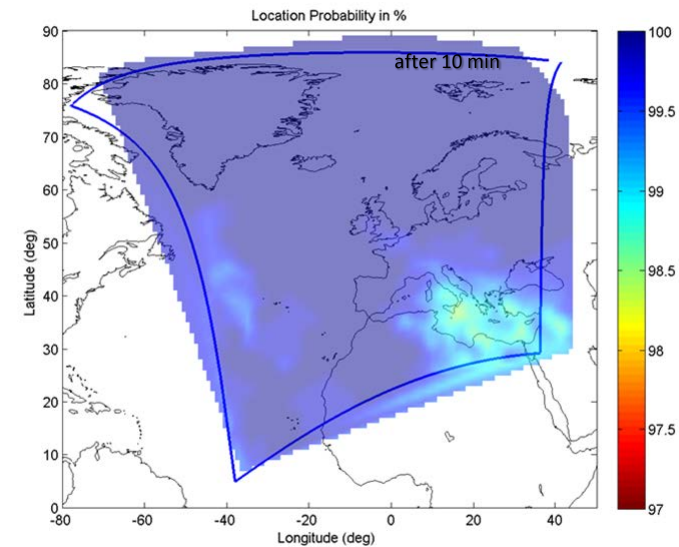


Figure 7. SAR/Galileo Service Coverage and SAR/Galileo Sites



- **Galileo Initial Services** are the first step towards reaching Full Operational Capability by end of 2020
- Infrastructure : Complete the constellation
- Operations: Ensure that performances are maintained
New operator ("GSOp")
- Services Differentiators (target 2018)
 - Open Service Navigation Message Authentication
 - Commercial Service High Accuracy
 - Search And Rescue Return Link
- Improvements OS Navigation Message improvement for TTFF, robustness, synchronisation for LBS
- Markets: Uptake in different sectors of the economy
Available for use in EU policies



Ask the Experts – Part 1



Marco Lisi, Dr. eng.
Senior Manager
European Space Agency



Jeremie Godet
Head of Sector
Galileo Implementation
DG GROW
European Commission



Fiammetta Diani
Deputy Head of Market
Development Department
European GNSS Agency



Peter Grogard
CEO
Thales Alenia
Space Belgium

Poll #2

Approximately, how many major vendors provide Galileo-capable receivers today?(Please select one)

- 3
- 10
- 17
- 30
- None.

GALILEO and initial services: the users perspective

European GNSS Agency - GSA



Fiammetta Diani
Deputy Head of Market
Development Department
European GNSS Agency



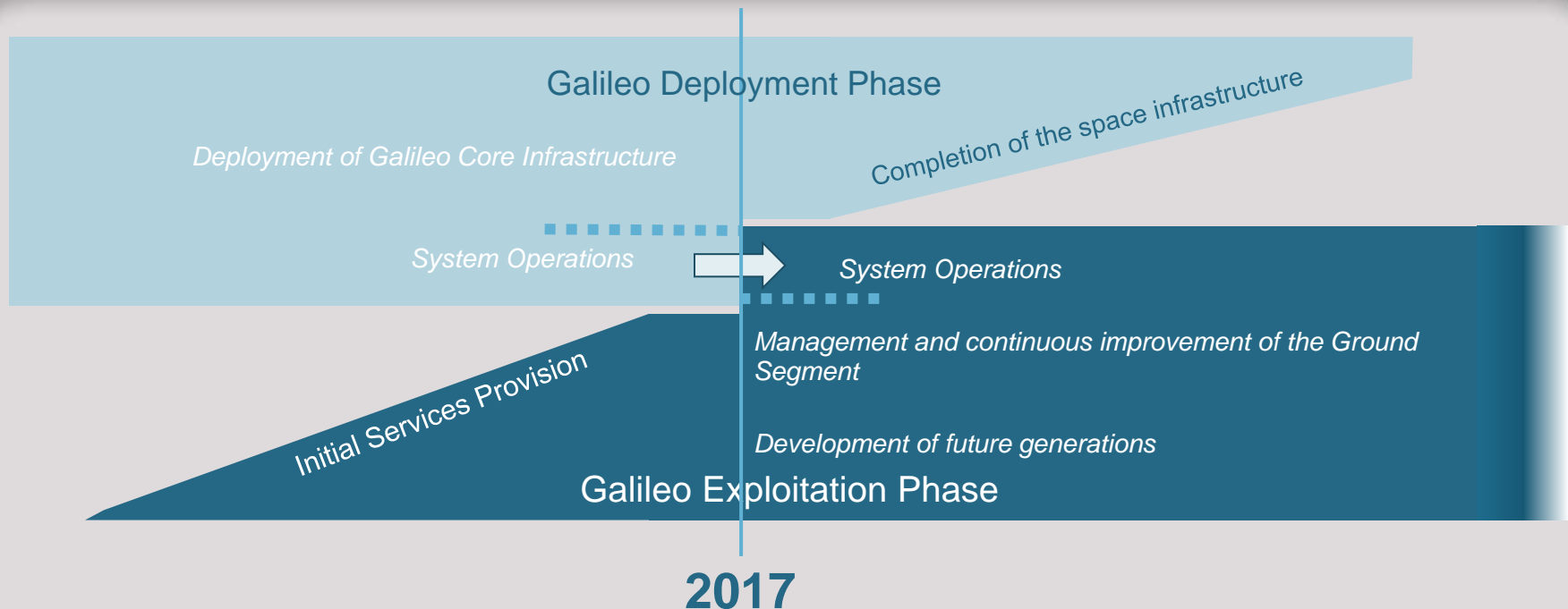
The Galileo initial services: benefits for the users and readiness of receivers



Galileo ready to use: from smartphones to transport



An outlook on the future and current R&D opportunities



- European GNSS Agency (GSA) to progressively manage exploitation activities delegated by European Commission acting as programme supervisor
- European Space Agency (ESA) to continue with its role for the system design and development

Better availability of satellite signals:

Being compatible and interoperable with GPS, all Galileo-enabled navigation devices are capable to 'see' more satellites
→ especially important in urban environments where the presence of high buildings can prevent signal reception.



Improved Search and Rescue service:

SAR services enhanced with Galileo will improve:
→ Detection time of a person in distress (3 hours vs 10 minutes)
→ Accuracy of position of the distress beacon (10km range vs 5 km range)



Very precise timing:

Galileo timing will provide very high accuracy and resilience, e.g. in combination with GPS, needed for infrastructure synchronisation.

→ The timing of Galileo can be used with only one satellite in view



Advantages of dual frequency

Better accuracy

- Ionosphere error correction
- Faster and more reliable carrier phase ambiguity resolution



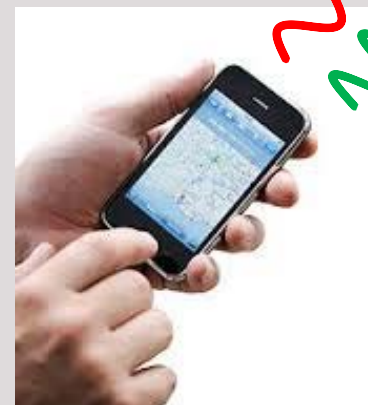
Increased robustness

- Reduce vulnerability risks of GNSS signals to jamming and/or spoofing



Why L5/E5 is the best solution for a second frequency?

- A protected frequency
- There will be soon more L5/E5 satellites than L2C satellites
- Shared by all GNSS and all SBAS
- More widely separated from L1, thus minimising the iono-free linear combination errors



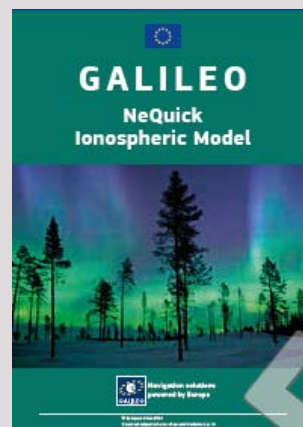
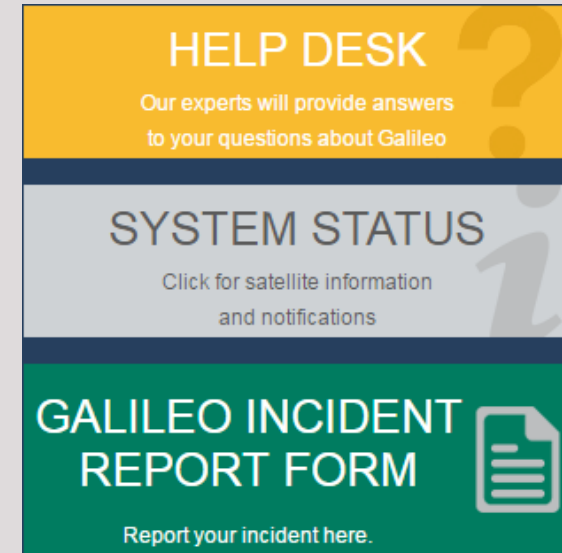
Specific key advantages of L5/E5 signal

- Better multipath mitigation and better accuracy using L5/E5 signals vs using L2C
- Higher received power for L5/E5 vs L2C

The GNSS service center: the interface of Galileo with the users!

The European GNSS Service Centre (GSC) is **the single interface between the Galileo system and the users** of the Galileo Open Service (OS), and the Galileo Commercial Service (CS)

www.gsc-europa.eu



Is it possible to use Galileo in receivers?

From 3 manufacturers adopting Galileo in 2010 to 17 in 2016, representing more than the 95% of global supply

2010



2016

TIMING



SMARTPHONES/MASS MARKET



AUTOMOTIVE



UAVs



HIGH PRECISION

THALES



JAVAD





The Galileo initial services: benefits for the users and readiness of receivers



Galileo ready to use: from smartphones to transport





An outlook on the future and current R&D opportunities

USEGALILEO.EU


Galileo Initial Services triggered many forward-looking companies to create Galileo-enabled receivers, chipsets and modules and launch them in the market.

Users can keep track of **Galileo-enabled devices in the different market segments**, and be informed as soon as new ones become available.



With the declaration of Initial Services expected soon, Galileo is moving from a global satellite navigation system in testing, to a live, operational service. For the first time, European satellites are providing users with global positioning, navigation and timing information. In the lead up to Galileo Initial Services, many forward-looking companies have created Galileo-enabled receivers, chipsets and modules - many of which are already available on the market.

This tool helps you keep track of Galileo-enabled devices serving a variety of needs as they become available.



The BQ Aquaris X5 Plus is the first European Galileo ready smartphone

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inside
unmanned systems

- Launched in July 2016 it features a Galileo enabled Qualcomm Snapdragon 652 chip
- Today, thanks to the release of the new firmware, the smartphone is capable to track Galileo satellites



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Linking space to user needs

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First European Galileo-ready smartphone to hit stores in July

Press releases

European Space Expo

Event highlights

Events

First European Galileo-ready smartphone to hit stores in July

Published: 14 July 2016

EU GNSS in the news

13 July 2016

From April 2018

Galileo compatibility required in every new car/van model sold in Europe

1

Emergency Call

A 112 emergency call (eCall) is made automatically by the car as soon as on-board sensors (e.g. the airbag sensors) register a serious accident. By pushing a dedicated button in the car, any car occupant can also make an eCall manually.

2

Positioning

Via satellite positioning and mobile telephony caller location, the accurate position of the accident scene is fixed and then transmitted by the eCall to the nearest emergency call centre. More information is given in the eCall, e.g. the direction of travel and the vehicle type.

3

Emergency call centre (PSAP)

The eCall's urgency is recognized, the accident's location can be seen on a screen. A trained operator tries to talk with the vehicle's occupants to get more information. If there is no reaction, emergency services are sent off without delay.

4

Quicker help

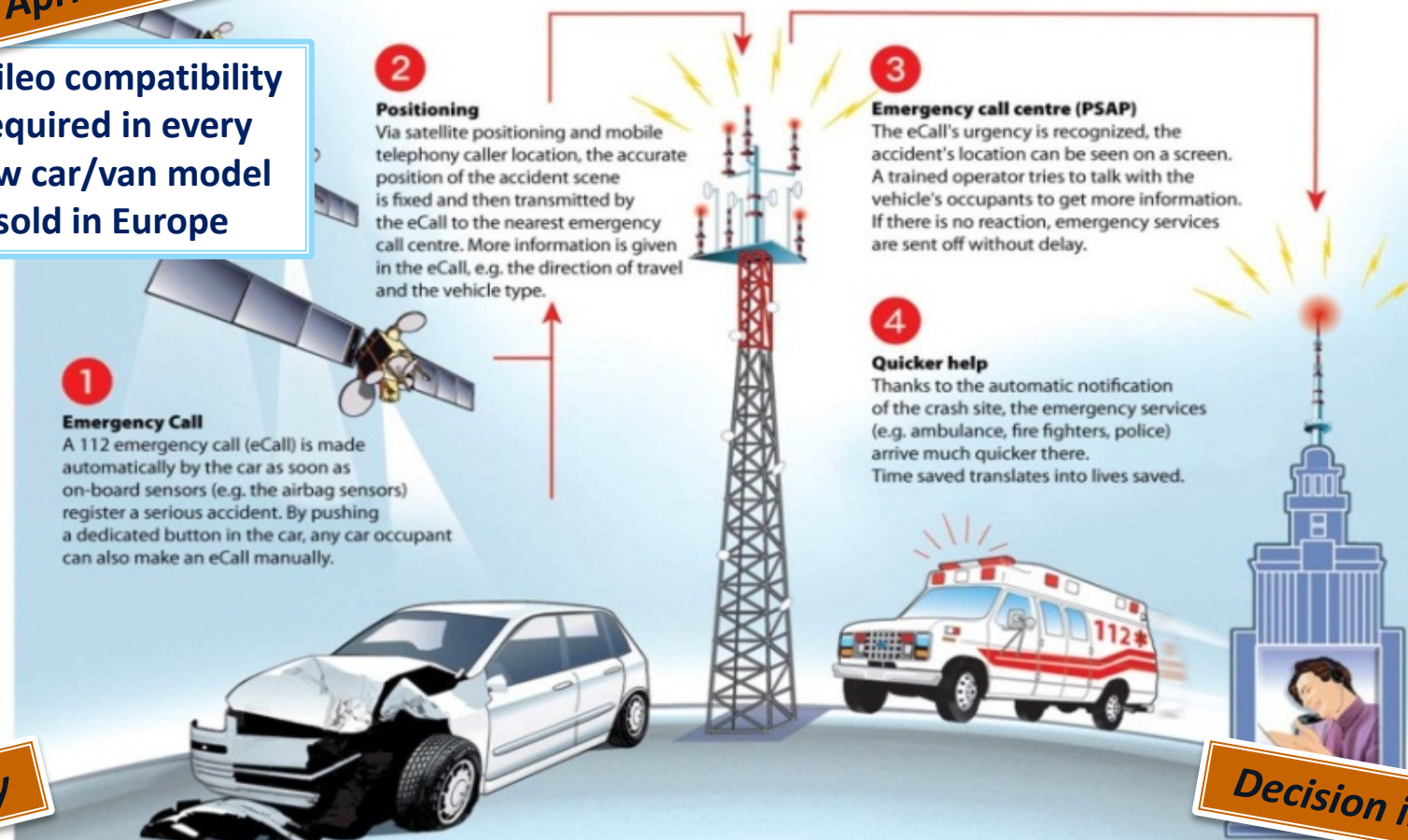
Thanks to the automatic notification of the crash site, the emergency services (e.g. ambulance, fire fighters, police) arrive much quicker there. Time saved translates into lives saved.

Today

13 Millions of light vehicles sold every year in EU

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) working in a eCall harmonised regulation

Decision in 2017



From June 2019

- **Digital Tachograph (DT)** improves road safety, supporting the respect of time of drive and rest rules.
- The new amended **EU legislation** is proposing GNSS inside the new generation of Digital Tachograph requiring in particular Galileo compatibility.
- The need for **increased robustness and trustability** is opening new opportunities for Galileo OSNMA Authentication!



Galileo recognised as part of World Wide Radio-Navigation System during the 96th session of the Maritime Safety Committee in London on 17 May 2016

- A huge **milestone enabling Galileo adoption in commercial shipping** worldwide
- A **potential ~110 m€ market enabled** with relevant positive effect on recreational market segment





The Galileo initial services: benefits for the users and readiness of receivers



Galileo ready to use: from smartphones to transport



An outlook on the future and current R&D opportunities

- Galileo will provide an **efficient, resilient** and **low-cost solution** against spoofing attacks



Authentication

- Ability of the system to guarantee to the users that they are utilizing signals from the Galileo satellites and not from any other source



CS (SCE)
authentication:
E6C



OS (NMA)
authentication:
E1B

- Expected availability:
 - ✓ OS E1B with OSNMA starting 2018, at very low cost. (*)
 - ✓ CS E6 signals with Spreading Code Encryption/Authentication by 2020
- OSNMA receiver implementation efforts/HW are low.

(*) Source: EC. Current OSNMA proposed in "Reserved 1" field (20bps) of E1-B through TESLA protocol. Analyses and simulations incl. degraded environments show no performance degradation wrt. standard PNT.

The 1st edition of the GSA's GNSS User Technology Report provides an overview of the state-of-the-art of GNSS receiver technology

Including:

- General overview of the latest GNSS receiver technology common to all application areas
- An in-depth analysis of GNSS user technology as it pertains to three key macrosegments:
 - ✓ Mass market solutions
 - ✓ Transport safety and liability-critical solutions
 - ✓ High precision, timing and asset management solutions
- Supplement on location technologies that looks beyond GNSS in the positioning landscape

Available for
download here:



[HTTP://BIT.LY/2CGARXF](http://bit.ly/2CGARXF)





Applications Development:

- Going beyond state-of-the-art
- With effective business plan
- Exploiting the Galileo initial services and differentiators

40 projects already running

Third Call open now: **33 millions euros**
Deadline: **1st March 2017**



Receivers Development:

- Innovative receivers, chipset devices valorising Galileo and its signal
- Addressing main market segments (mass market, automotive, maritime, timing, etc.)

Overall budget (EGNOS and Galileo):
111.5 millions euro

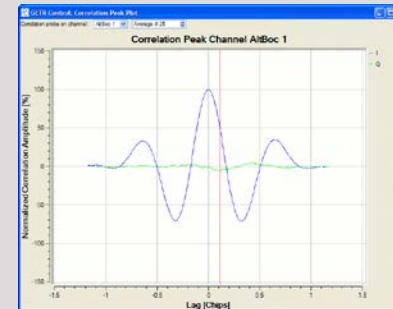
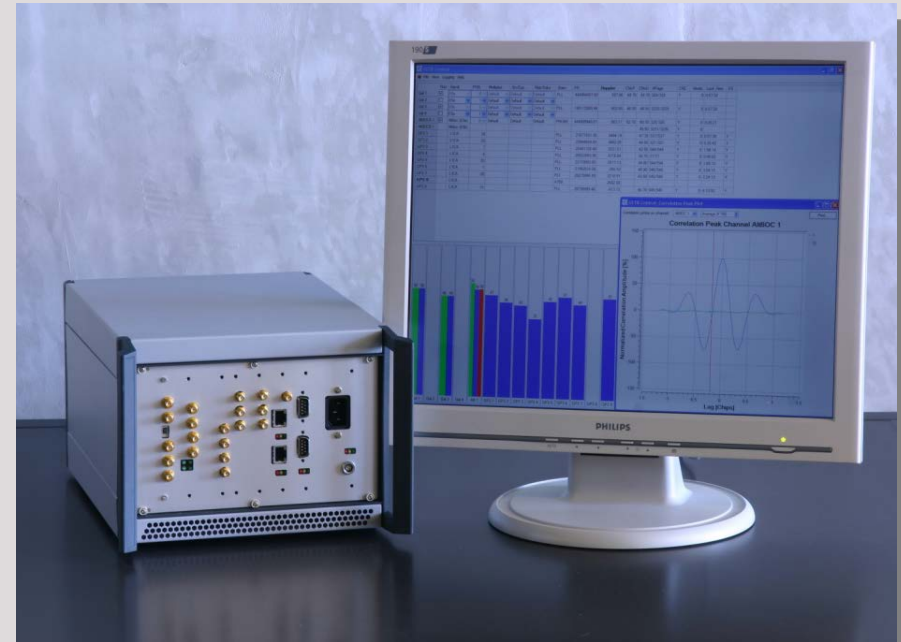
7 new calls by end of 2017.

Galileo Initial Services: Perspective from a User

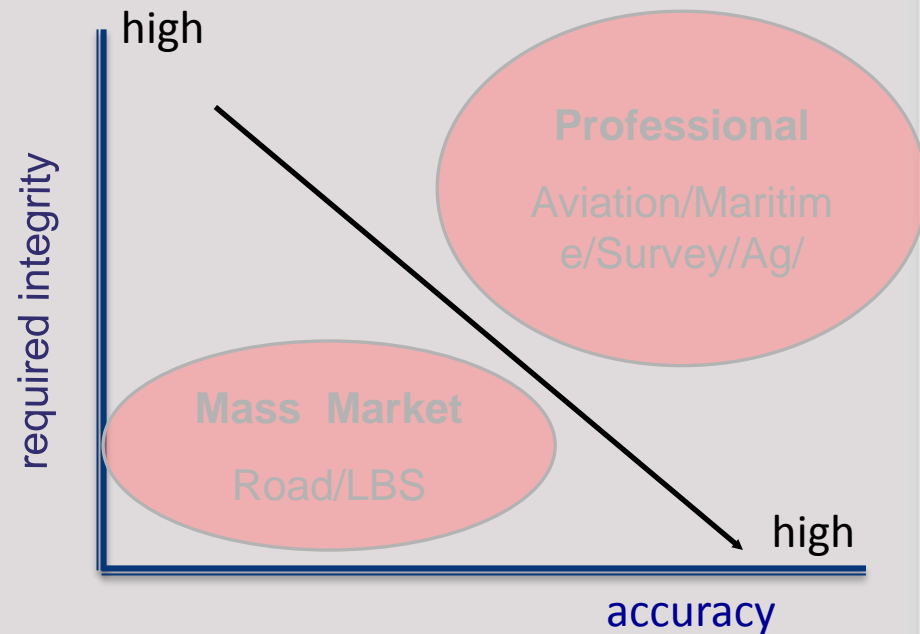


Peter Grogard
CEO
Thales Alenia Space
Leuven, Belgium

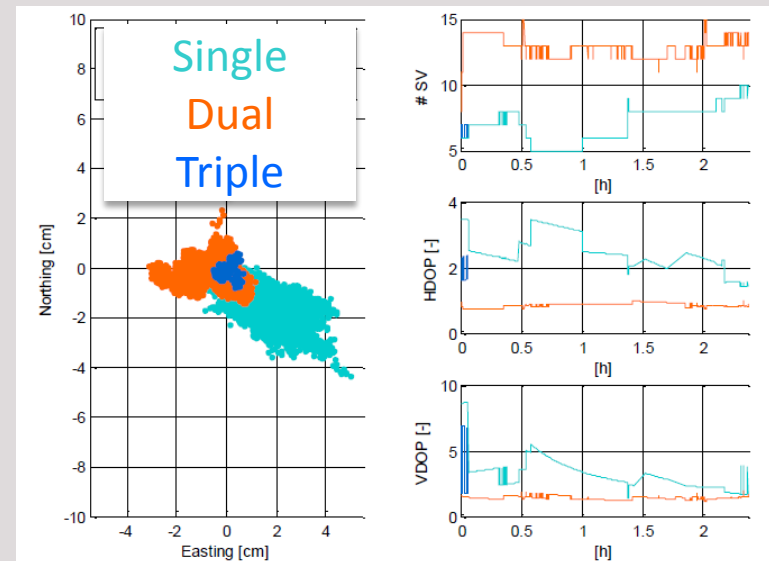
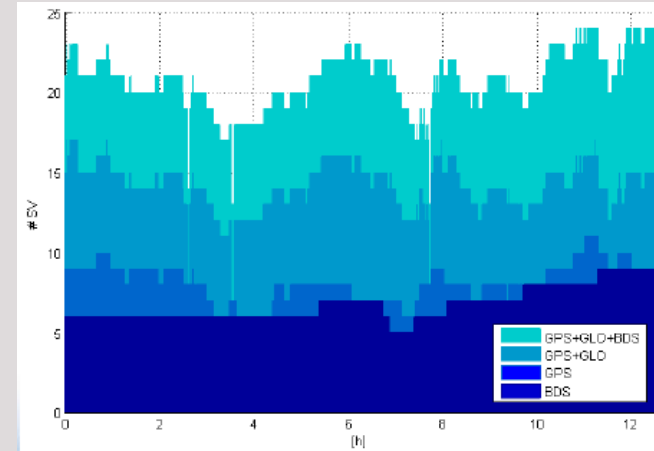
- We have come a long way since the first signal reception on January 12, 2006 from GIOVE-A, the first Galileo satellite.
- *Eighteen Galileo satellites are now orbiting the Earth.... Galileo is now ready to be used. Source GSA*
- Almost there: 16 more satellites to go!
 - 4 S/C in 2017, 4 S/C in 2018
 - 8 S/C there after!



- Mass market / professional: today's market is a two-dimensional world
 - Accuracy: low/high
 - Integrity (or cost) : low/high
- For **professional** users, accuracy and availability key – integrity for aviation users
 - Traditional multi-system/multi-frequency approach works
- For **mass market** users, cost, power consumption, size.

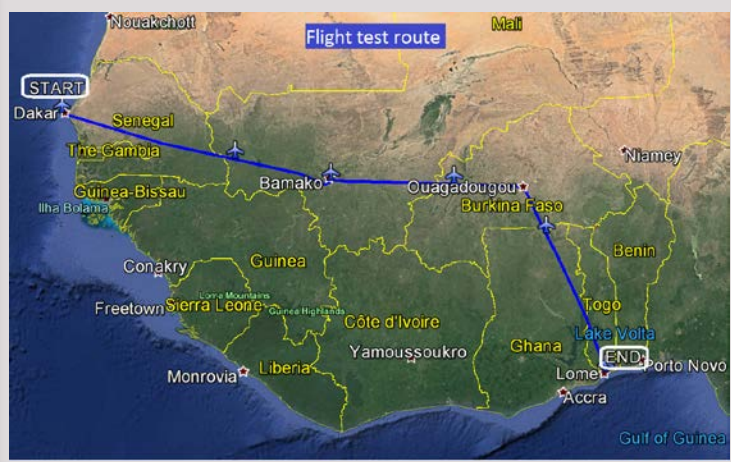


Galileo Initial Services Perfectly Addressing Today's needs for High Accuracy & High Availability Around the World (1/2)



Source: Septentrio

ASECNA Test Campaign



Galileo only PVT during flight test

Position Information

Geodetic	ϕ : N 13°54'41.06965"	σ_ϕ : +2.177m
GTRF	λ : W 014°19'58.96574"	σ_λ : +5.519m
	h: +6,138.326m	σ_h : +6.433m

Satellite Status

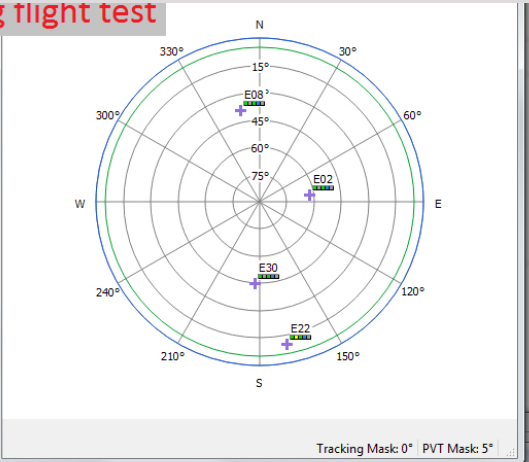
E01	E02	E03	E04	E05	E06	E07	E08	E09	E10	E11	E12
E13	E14	E15	E16	E17	E18	E19	E20	E21	E22	E23	E24
E25	E26	E27	E28	E29	E30	E31	E32	E33	E34	E35	E36

Search: 5 0G, 2R, 3E, 0C, 0S Track: 26 13G, 8R, 5E, 0C, 0S
 Sync: 0 0G, 0R, 0E, 0C, 0S PVT: 4 0G, 0R, 4E, 0C, 0S

Receiver Status

Time	RxClock	DOP	PL	RAIM	PVT	Status
GNSS time frame	Tue 22-Nov-2016	PDOP: 3.41			Mode: Standalone	
	17:10:04.000	TDOP: 1.53			System: Galileo	
	+17s offset to UTC	HDOP: 2.45			Info: None	
		VDOP: 2.37			Corr Age: N/A	

SSRC7 - FOC-TUR



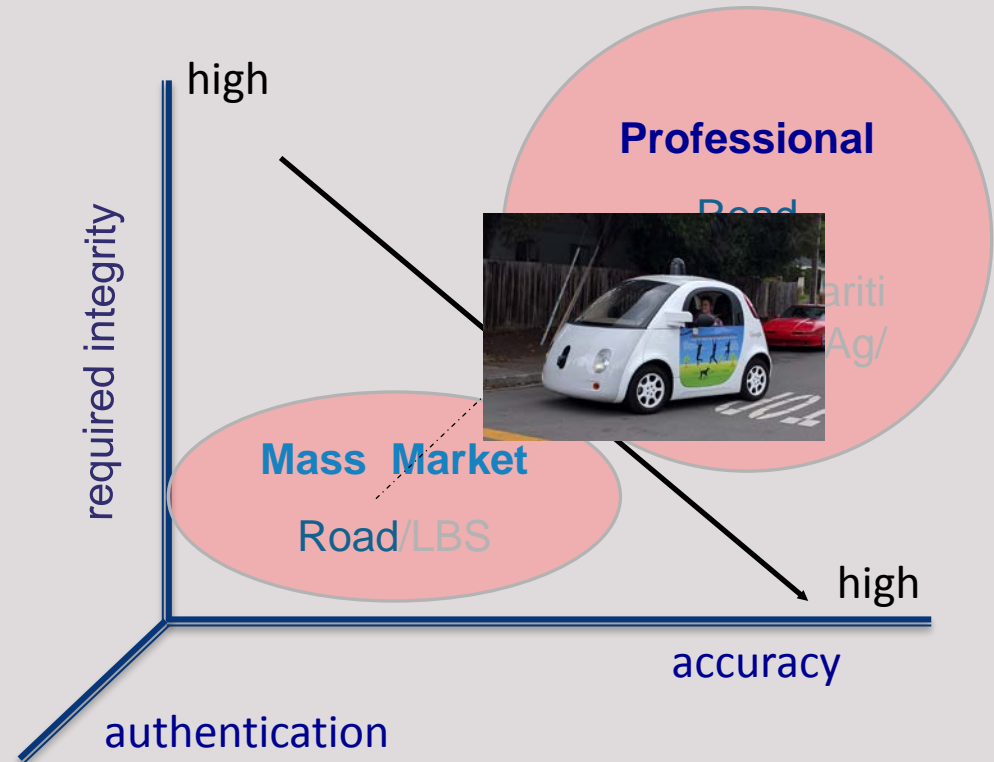
- Market segmentation will be along three axes tomorrow:

- Accuracy: low/high
- Integrity (or cost) : low/high
- Authentication

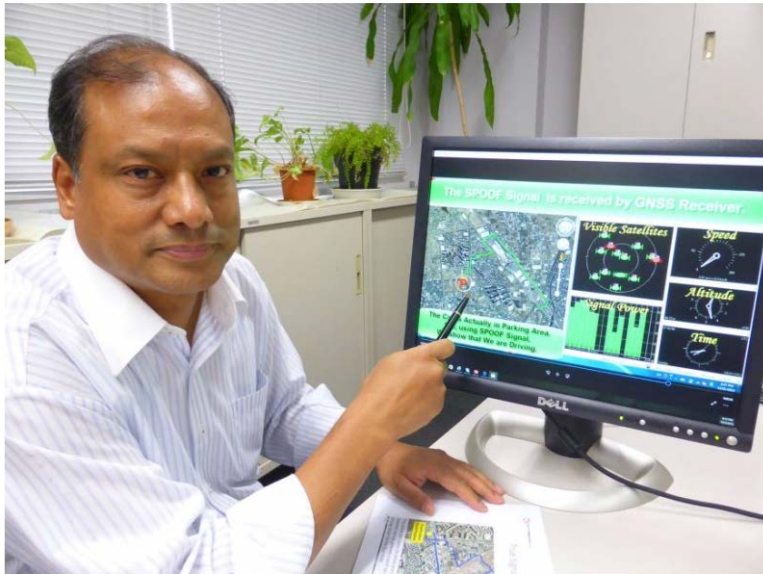
- Road becoming the biggest professional segment (?) – safety and security become key requirements, too

- Accuracy
- Integrity
- Authentication – spoof-proof?

You'll need it all



“Spoofing will attain virus status”



Faking of GPS data a growing and potentially lethal danger, expert warns

Source: *The Japan Times*

- Several layers of defense against spoofing
 - Open Service
 - Commercial Service
 - PRS
- Galileo proposes new solutions - on other GNSS systems too?
- Integrity Monitoring Service
 - Providing integrity information for safety-critical applications

Visit www.insidegnss.com/webinars for:

- PDF of Presentations

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Poll #3

Now that Galileo is here, our (my) company (organization) plan is:
(Please select all that apply)

- Develop, purchase, and/or use Galileo-capable solutions
- Evaluate future use of OS capabilities
- Evaluate future use of PRS capabilities
- Evaluate future use of the SAR capabilities
- None of the above

Ask the Experts – Part 2



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European Space Agency



Jeremie Godet
Head of Sector
Galileo Implementation
DG GROW
European Commission



Fiammetta Diani
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Development Department
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